

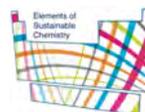
Situating sustainable chemistry in teaching and learning with Systems Thinking

Seamus Delaney

STAV VCE Chemistry teacher workshop

Elements of Sustainable Chemistry (ESC)
research hub

Deakin STEME group, Deakin University



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Elements of Sustainable Chemistry (ESC)



Acknowledgements

Madeleine Schultz (School of Life & Enviro Sci, Deakin)

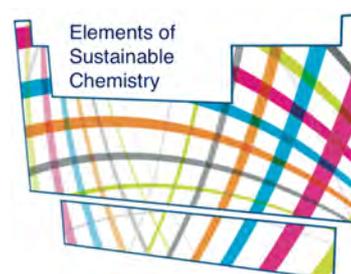
Peter Mahaffy (Kings University, Alberta)

Tom Holme (Iowa State University)

Mary-Kay Orgill (University of Nevada, Las Vegas)

Deakin Science and Society Network (SSN) (\$)

Australian National Commission for UNESCO (\$\$)



New resources website
www.eschemistry.org

2

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Activity 1 – Utilisation of elements



Compare it to an issue *not that long ago...*

Discuss the element lead including human activity related to lead

Think about the physical and chemical properties of lead that make it useful for people



5

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Activity 1 – Utilisation of elements



Discuss the element lead including human activity related to lead...

- Uses of lead by Romans
- Sweetness due to chemical reaction forming acetate salt
- Toxicity already recognised 2000 years ago
- Modern uses of lead
- Paint
- Petrol
- Toxicity known for a long time before it was outlawed

Stimulate student discussion

Responsible use of science

6

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Re-positioning chemistry as the sustainability science




Mahaffy, P. G., Matlin, S. A., Holme, T. A., & MacKellar, J. (2019). Systems thinking for education about the molecular basis of sustainability. *Nature Sustainability*, 2(5), 362-370. doi: 10.1038/s41893-019-0285-3

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Re-positioning chemistry as the sustainability science




- Biological systems
- Cells, conditions to maintain living things

- Transformation, synthesis and analysis of matter
- Explaining chemical basis for systems

- Earth Systems
- Sustainability policy

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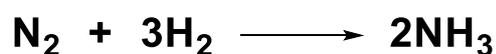
Traditional teaching approaches in Chemistry



Facts are presented in **isolation**

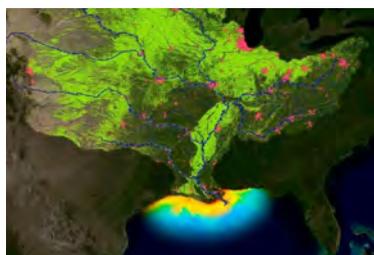
Students are introduced to content within separate topics

Example: synthesis of ammonia



Used as an example to teach:

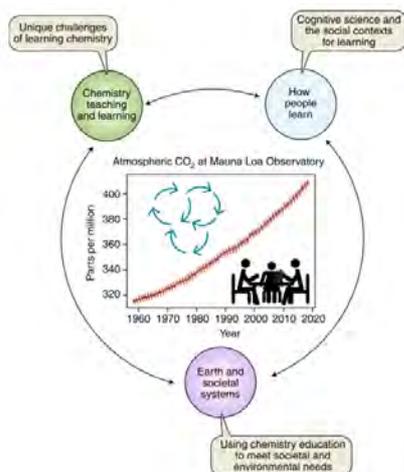
- Balancing equations
- Equilibrium
- Gibbs free energy, entropy
- Catalysis
- History, importance in WWII sometimes mentioned



9

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Systems Thinking in Chemistry Education (STICE)



IUPAC Task Group (2017 – Present)

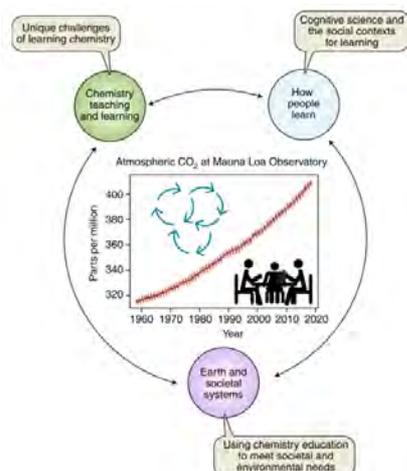
An approach to addressing problems that incorporates the **complexity** of a whole system in a **holistic** manner

- Includes intended and unintended consequences
- Incorporates **critical thinking**
- Incorporates scientific investigation and **design thinking** by emphasising innovation
- Pedagogical precedent in Biology, Engineering, Public health

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Systems Thinking in Chemistry Education (STICE)



IUPAC Task Group (2017 – Present)

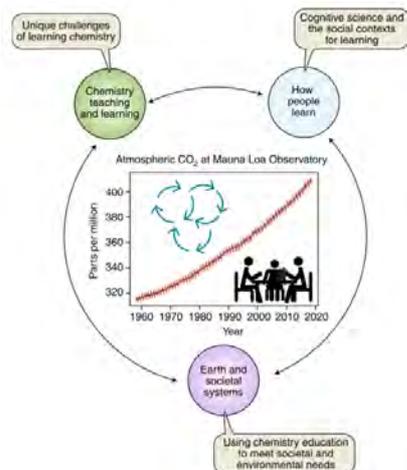
An approach to addressing problems that incorporates the **complexity** of a whole system in a **holistic** manner

- Situate chemistry content in the **real world context**
- Reduce **reductionist** teaching in chemistry
- Re-position Chemistry to consider relationship between **by-products/waste** and **useful products** and processes

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Systems Thinking in Chemistry Education (STICE)



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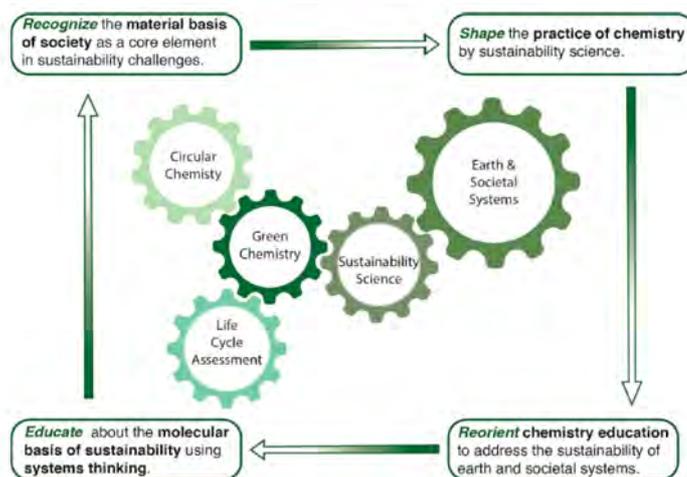
An approach to addressing problems that incorporates the **complexity** of a whole system in a **holistic** manner

“...the molecular basis for sustainability”

Mahaffy, P. G., Matlin, S. A., Holme, T. A., & MacKellar, J. (2019). Systems thinking for education about the molecular basis of sustainability. *Nature Sustainability*, 2(5), 362-370.

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Systems Thinking in Chemistry Education (STICE)



Mahaffy, P. G., Matlin, S. A., Whalen, J.M. & Holme, T. A. (2019). Integrating the Molecular Basis of Sustainability into General Chemistry through Systems Thinking. *Journal of Chemical Education*. Doi: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.9b00390

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Chemistry and sustainable development



Connecting Chemistry with the UN Global Goals for Sustainable Development (SDGs)

Sustainable Development Goals



14

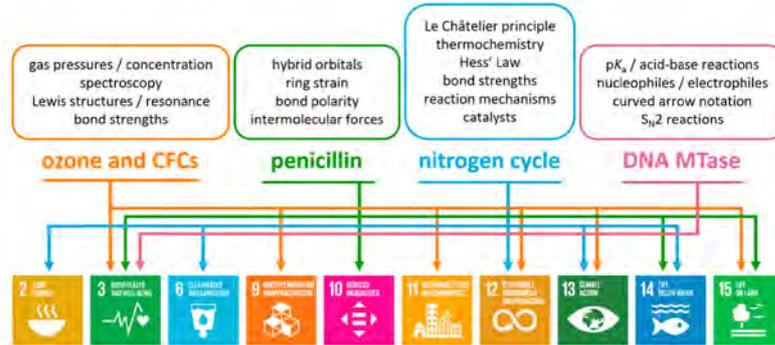
<https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/>

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Chemistry and sustainable development



Connecting Chemistry with the UN Global Goals for Sustainable Development (SDGs)



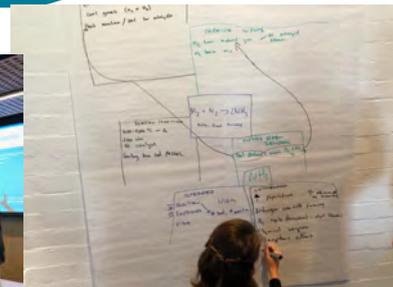
Petillion, R. J., Freeman, T. K. & McNeil, W. S. (2019) United Nations Sustainable Development Goals as a Thematic Framework for an Introductory Chemistry Curriculum. *Journal of Chemical Education*. doi: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.9b00307

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STICE workshops at Deakin - 2019

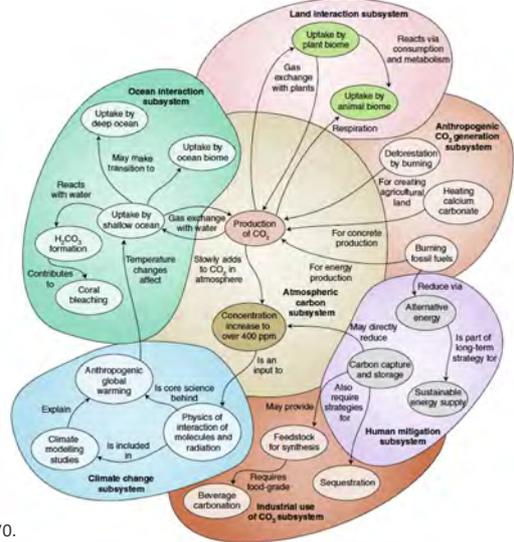
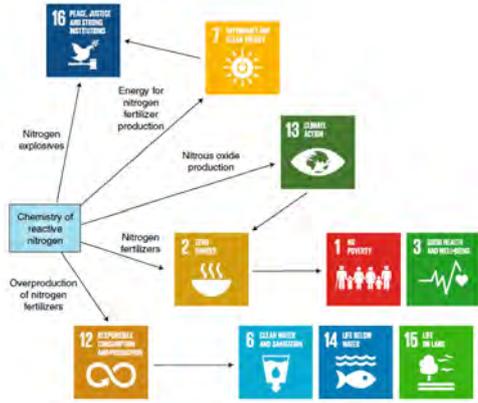


Interdisciplinary - secondary teachers (Chem Ed) and researchers (Science, Engineering) workshops



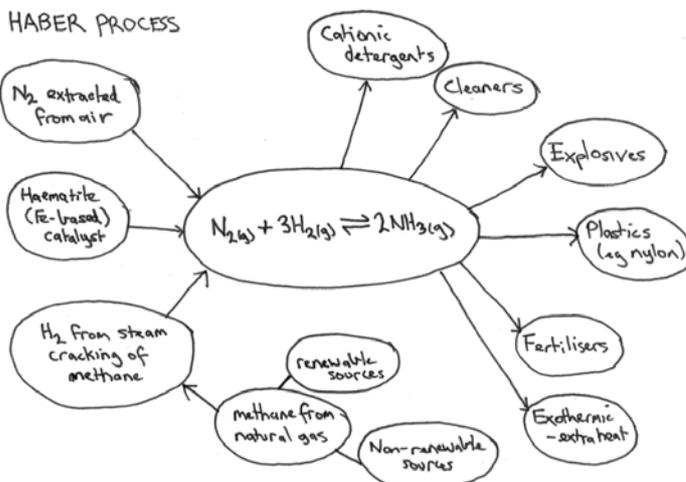
16

Evaluating systems thinking - Systems Maps



Mahaffy, P. G., Matlin, S. A., Holme, T. A., & MacKellar, J. (2019). Systems thinking for education about the molecular basis of sustainability. *Nature Sustainability*, 2(5), 362-370.

Evaluating systems thinking - Systems Maps



Teacher action research and student impact evaluation

- **Systems mapping** to situate knowledge of chemistry within everyday knowledge of students

18 Eaton, A. C., Delaney, S., & Schultz, M. (2019). Situating Sustainable Development within Secondary Chemistry Education via Systems Thinking: A Depth Study Approach. *Journal of Chemical Education*. doi: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.9b00266

Evaluating systems thinking - Systems Maps

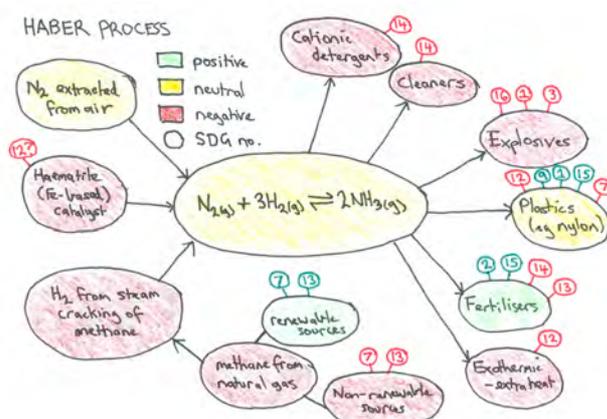


Teacher action research and student impact evaluation

- **Systems mapping** to situate the **sustainable development goals (SDGs)** within their learning of chemistry

19 Eaton, A. C., Delaney, S., & Schultz, M. (2019). Situating Sustainable Development within Secondary Chemistry Education via Systems Thinking: A Depth Study Approach. *Journal of Chemical Education*. doi: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.9b00266

Evaluating systems thinking - Systems Maps



The "central learning outcome" of chemistry...

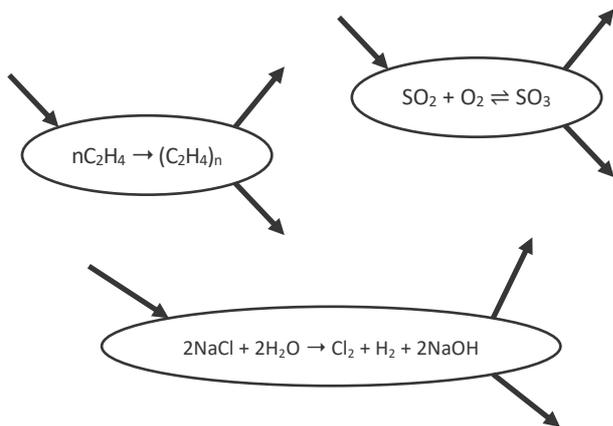
"Chemicals have benefits and hazards, and **these must considered together**" (p. 499)

"... pedagogically essential to consider that the practice of chemistry has both negative and positive impacts" (p. 499)

(Holme and Hutchison, 2018)

20 Eaton, A. C., Delaney, S., & Schultz, M. (2019). Situating Sustainable Development within Secondary Chemistry Education via Systems Thinking: A Depth Study Approach. *Journal of Chemical Education*. doi: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.9b00266

Activity 2 – Systems maps



21

1. Pick a chemical process
2. What are your inputs? Mass inputs? Energy inputs?
 - **And their inputs?**
3. What are your outputs...
 - **Intended uses?**
 - **Unintended consequences?**
4. Look at the SDGs, attach numbers to each of your inputs and outputs
 - **Positive influence?**
 - **Negative influence?**
5. **So what does this tell us about the sustainability of this chemical process?**

Systems-oriented Concept Mapping Extension (SOCME)

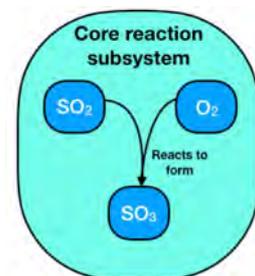


Systems-oriented Concept Mapping Extension (SOCME)

- Similar to concept maps, with a key distinction.
- The goal is to explicitly incorporate the **knowledge of boundaries** on the stuff you are interested in (which is going to be a system)
- Visualise the complexity and interactions across parts of a system, with minimal prose.

Start with the 'the core'

- Consider the systems inputs, and its outputs (consequences)
- Then....what ask what happens as we change the boundaries on the system

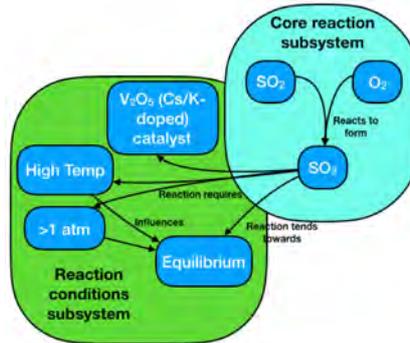


Systems-oriented Concept Mapping Extension (SOCME)



Connecting with current content

- Add in subsystems
 - Where the starting materials come from
 - Energy involved in production
 - Intended and unintended consequences of the use of the product
 - What happens to the product when it is no longer used

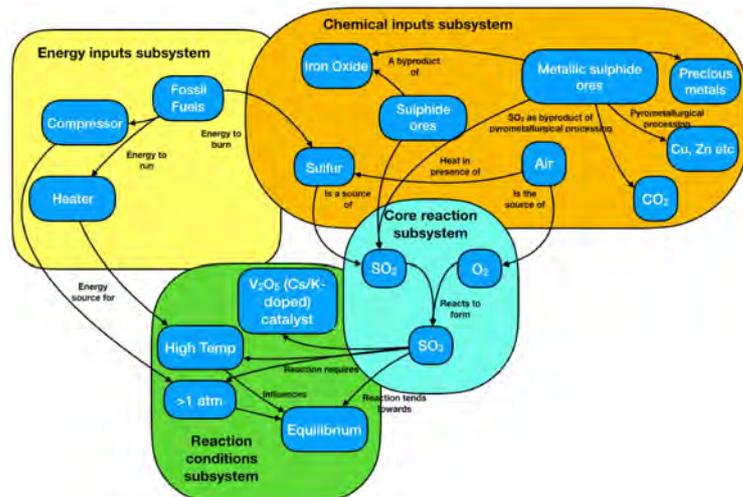


Systems-oriented Concept Mapping Extension (SOCME)



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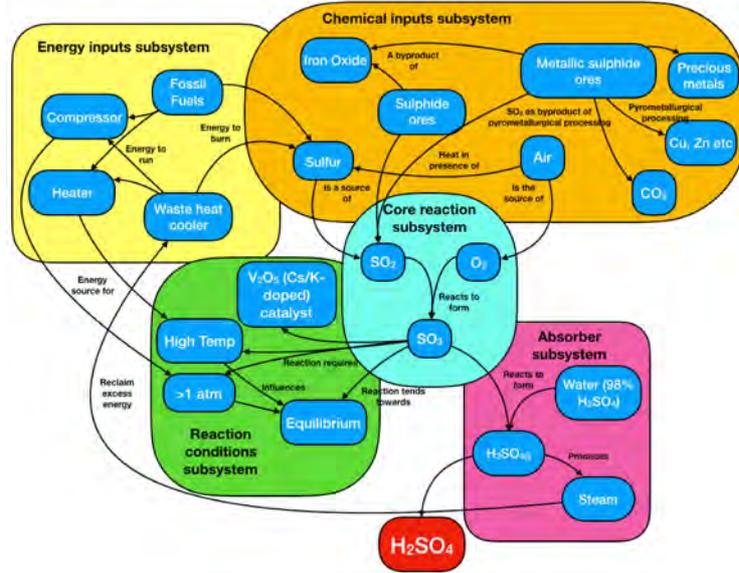


Systems-oriented Concept Mapping Extension (SOCME)



Sub-systems connections

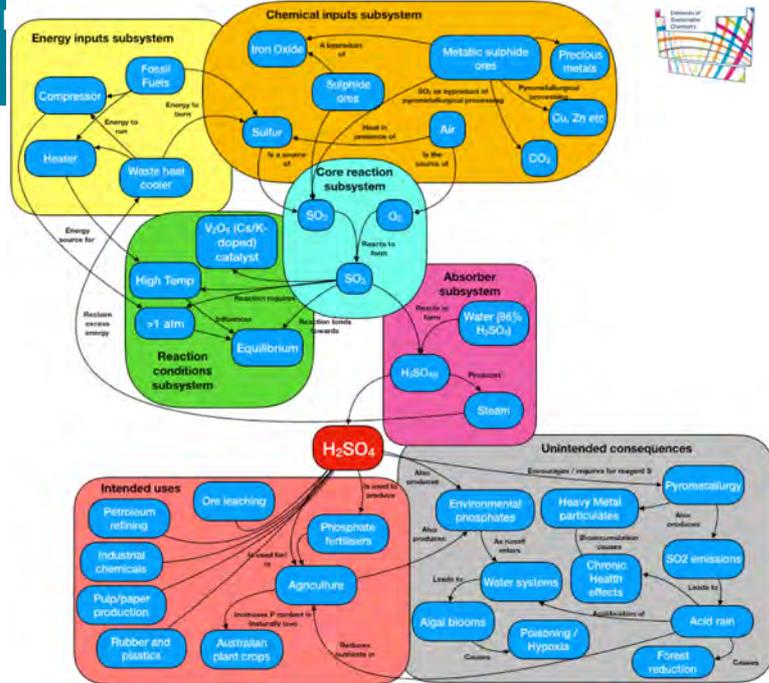
- Considering complexity with respect to subsystem connections



Systems-oriented Concept

Sub-systems connections

- Considering complexity with respect to subsystem connections

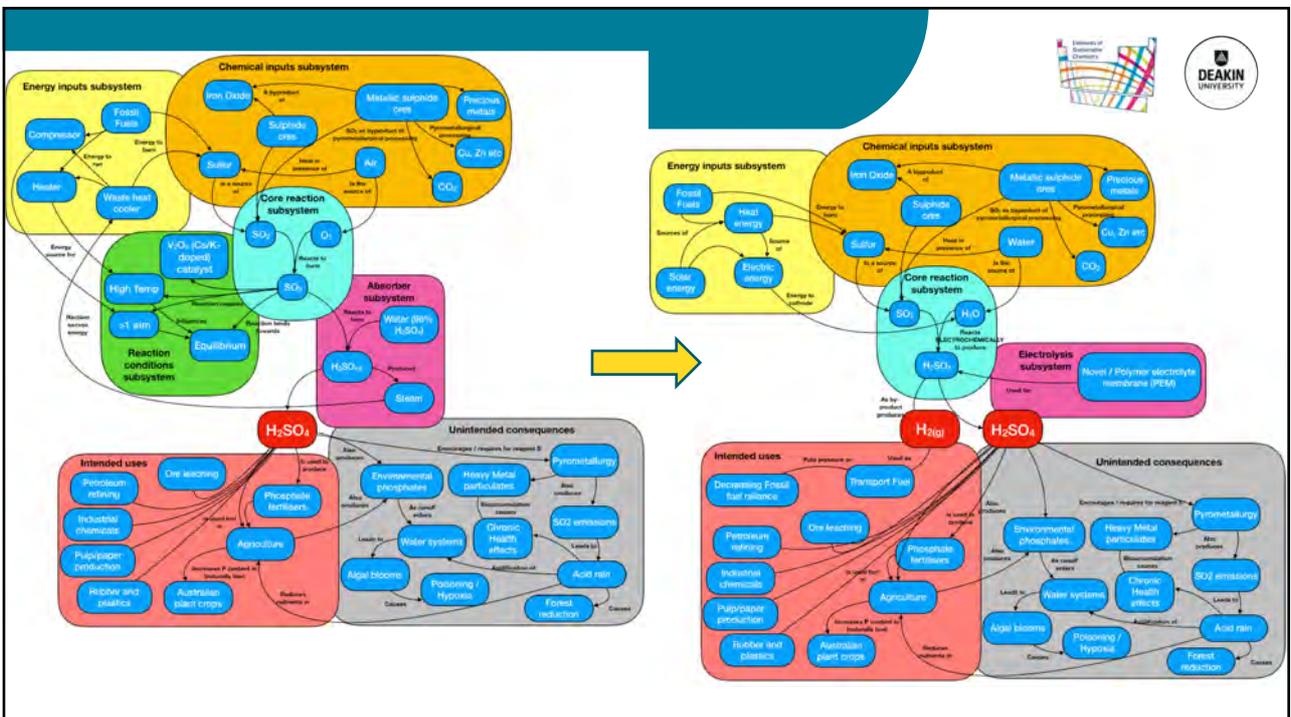
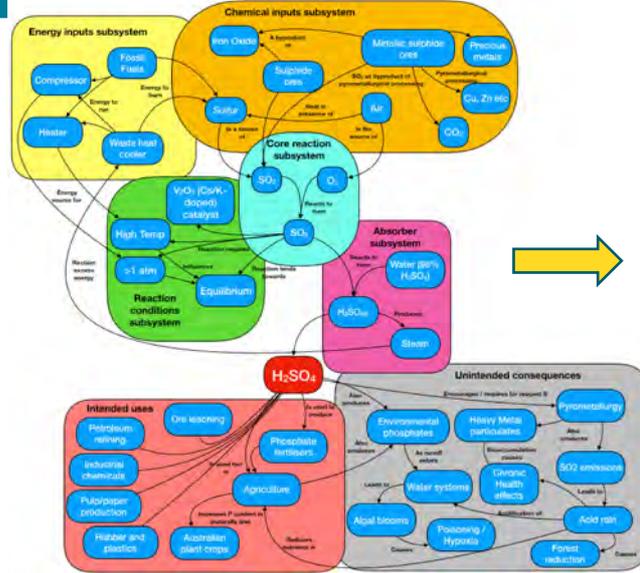


SOCME - Emergent concepts



And then....

...by looking at individual sub-systems, and connections between, can start to see how emergent concepts can change a system



Systems thinking Hierarchy (STH) model



Orgill (2019) - A systems thinker can...

- I. **Identify** the parts of a system
- II. **Visualise** the interconnections and relationships between the parts in the system
- III. **Examine behaviours** that change **over time** (dynamic or cyclic)
- IV. Examine how **systems-level phenomena** emerge from interactions between the system's parts
- V. Make **generalisations, predictions** on comparable systems



Orgill, M., York, S., & MacKellar, J. (2019). Introduction to Systems Thinking for the Chemistry Education Community. *Journal of Chemical Education*. doi: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.9b00169

29

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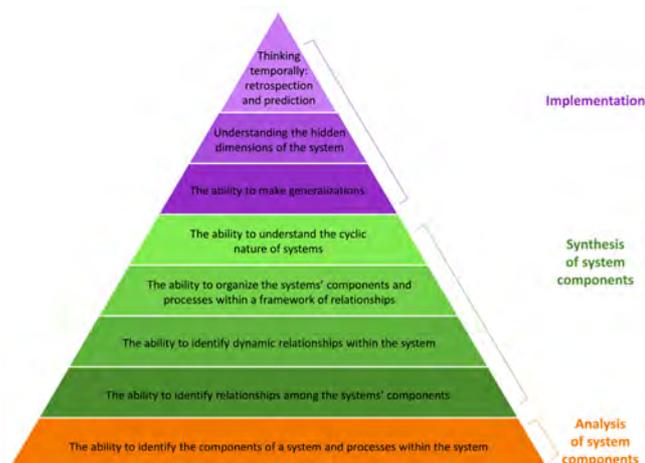
Systems thinking Hierarchy (STH) model



Situate chemistry content in the real world context

Reductionist: $2\text{NO}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{N}_2\text{O}_4$ to learn Le Chatelier's principle

Holistic: Dynamic and cyclic nature of photochemical smog in large cities (*increases* due to burning of fuels, *decreases* due to decomposition by sunlight)



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30

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Systems thinking Hierarchy (STH) model



Identify, quantify components -

Amount of NO_2 due to

- Combustion of fossil fuels
- Amount of sunlight
- Human actions



Orgill, M., York, S., & MacKellar, J. (2019). Introduction to Systems Thinking for the Chemistry Education Community. *Journal of Chemical Education*. doi: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.9b00169

31

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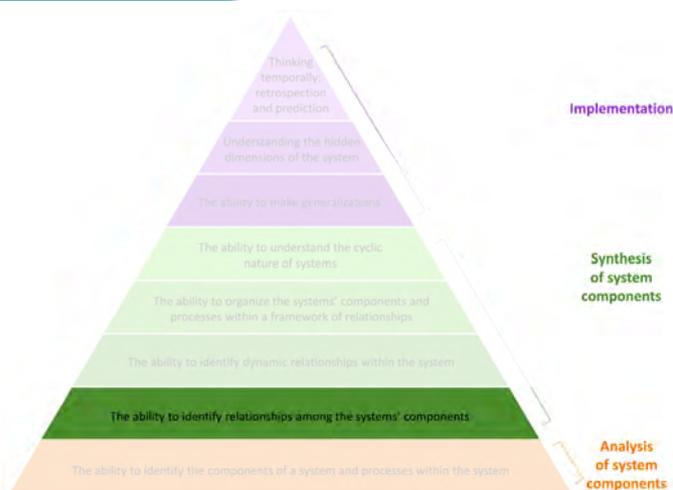
Systems thinking Hierarchy (STH) model



Causation, identify relationships (chemical reactions) -

Amount of NO_2 related to

- Conversion of NO to NO_2
- Photochemical decomposition of NO_2



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32

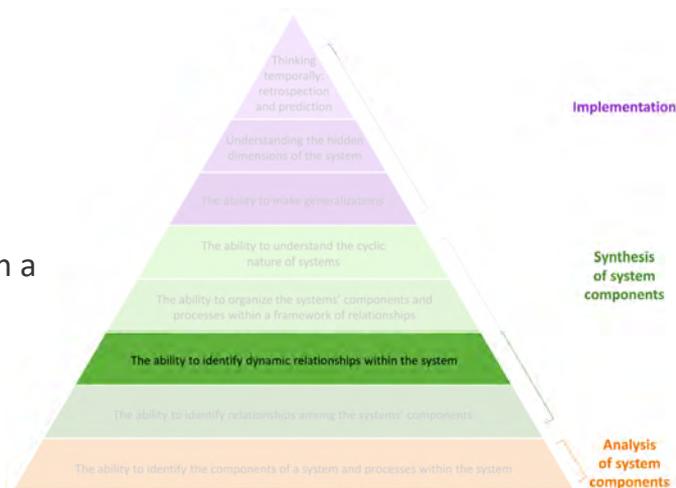
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Systems thinking Hierarchy (STH) model



Dynamism –

Students consider that NO_2 levels in a city **change** during the day



Orgill, M., York, S., & MacKellar, J. (2019). Introduction to Systems Thinking for the Chemistry Education Community. *Journal of Chemical Education*. doi: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.9b00169

33

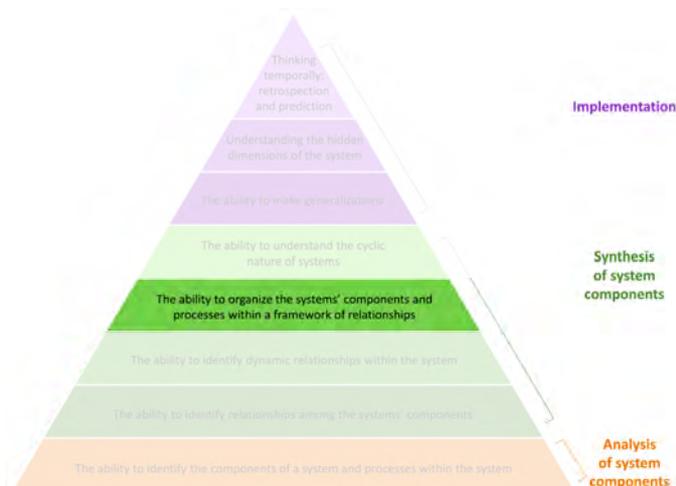
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Systems thinking Hierarchy (STH) model



Organise/Quantify relationships, measure of interconnectedness -

Consider the **relative** rates of these two reactions (NO to NO_2 , photochemical decomposition of NO_2), and their effect on concentration of NO_2



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34

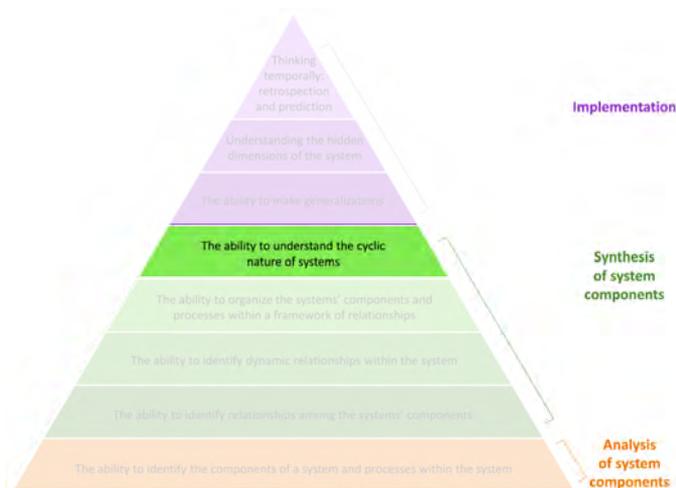
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Systems thinking Hierarchy (STH) model



Cyclic nature –

Students discover that NO_2 concentration **increases** in the first part of the day and then **decreases** in the last part of each day



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35

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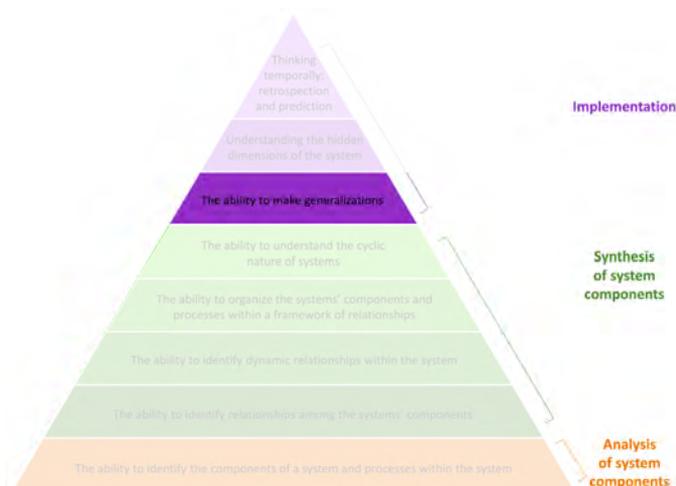
Systems thinking Hierarchy (STH) model



Interconnectedness to other systems -

Students consider what parts of the system increase/decrease NO_2

Make generalisations – which of these impact other systems?
Other **atmospheric gases?**



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36

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Systems thinking Hierarchy (STH) model



Recognising impact of “*hidden*”, “*invisible*” –

Microscopic – water molecules, gases, solvents

Large-scale – population factors, ethical factors

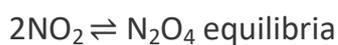


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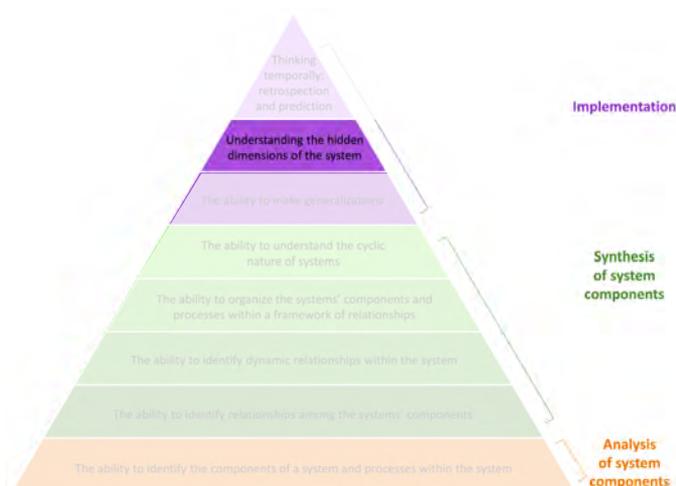
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Systems thinking Hierarchy (STH) model



Feedback, interaction with its environment –

- The more photochemical smog, the less people go outside.
- Fewer people walking to work, more people driving
- Greater the future build-up of NO_2



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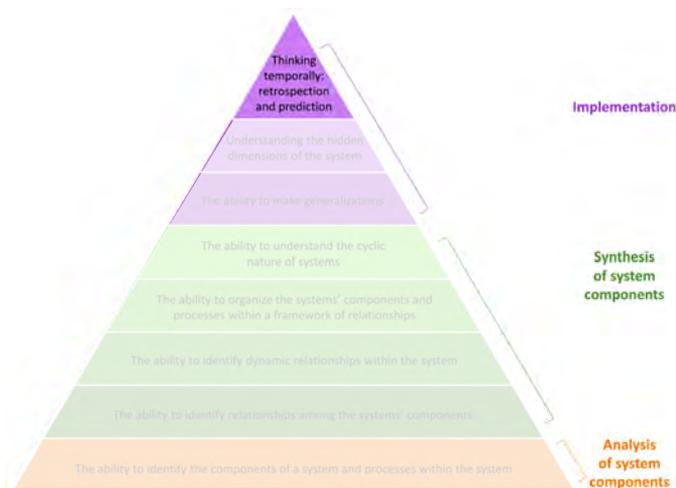
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Systems thinking Hierarchy (STH) model



Make *predictions* based on current factors -

- NO_2 levels have varied, but increased over time
- **Rationalise** influence of *factors* on predicting future behaviour



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39

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Systems thinking Hierarchy (STH) model



Extend to consider health, economic, ethical factors -

- Health impact of those living in big cities
- Economic impact of these health complications
- Social justice issue for those unable to afford to live outside of city
- Ethical issues and democratic participation in taking actions

Orgill, M., York, S., & MacKellar, J. (2019). Introduction to Systems Thinking for the Chemistry Education Community. *Journal of Chemical Education*. doi: 10.1021/acs.jchemed.9b00169

40

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